

Complication of retrograde CTO PCI

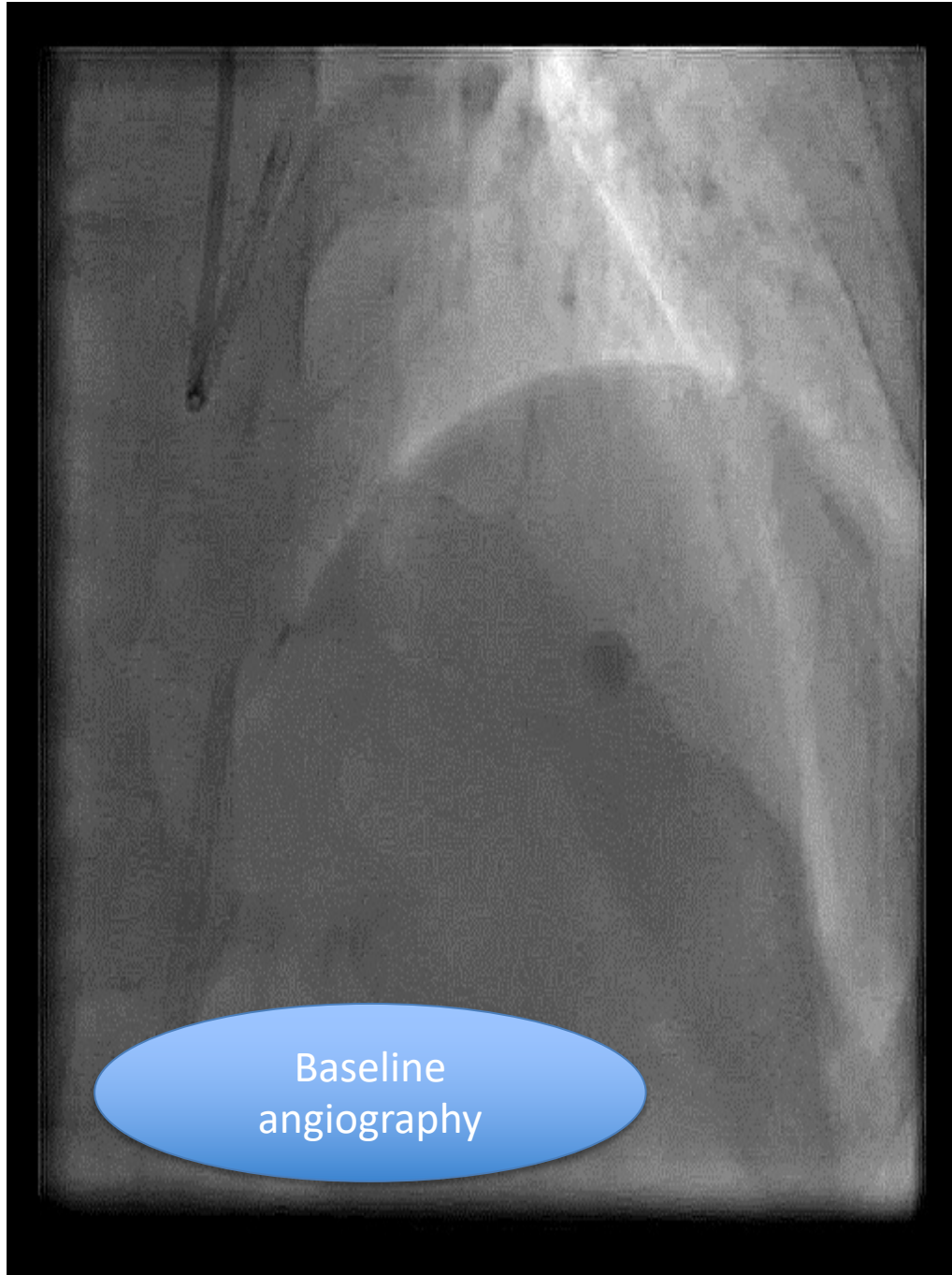
Dr Arvind Sharma
Rhythm heart institute
Vadodara ,Dahod, Banswada

History and Coronary angiography

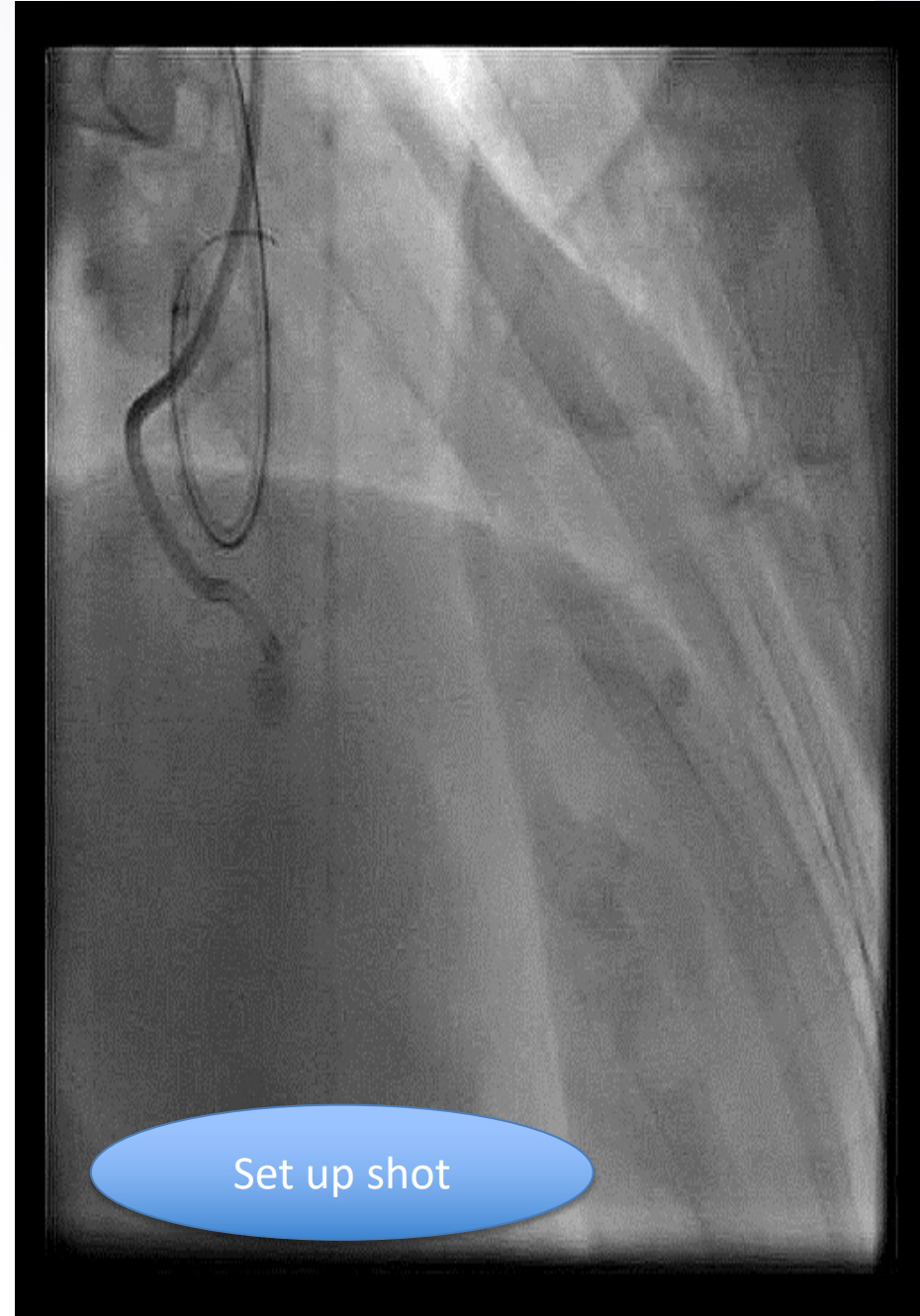
- 50 Yr old female patient
- Prior AWMSTEMI (3 yrs back) , DM, Smoker - conservatively managed
- Effort angina, class 2-3, On incremental doses of Medical therapy including betablockers, Nitrates, nikorandil, trimetazidine, ranolazine, ACE inhibitors, high dose statins.
- LV EF : 55% , No obvious scarring on Echo.
- CAG : Single vessel disease, LAD proximal segment CTO : CTO length >20 mm , Blunt and illdefined proximal cap, Grade 2 werner collaterals from Septals, no calcification, tortuosity +, bifurcation at distal and proximal caps. JCTO 2

Set up and planning

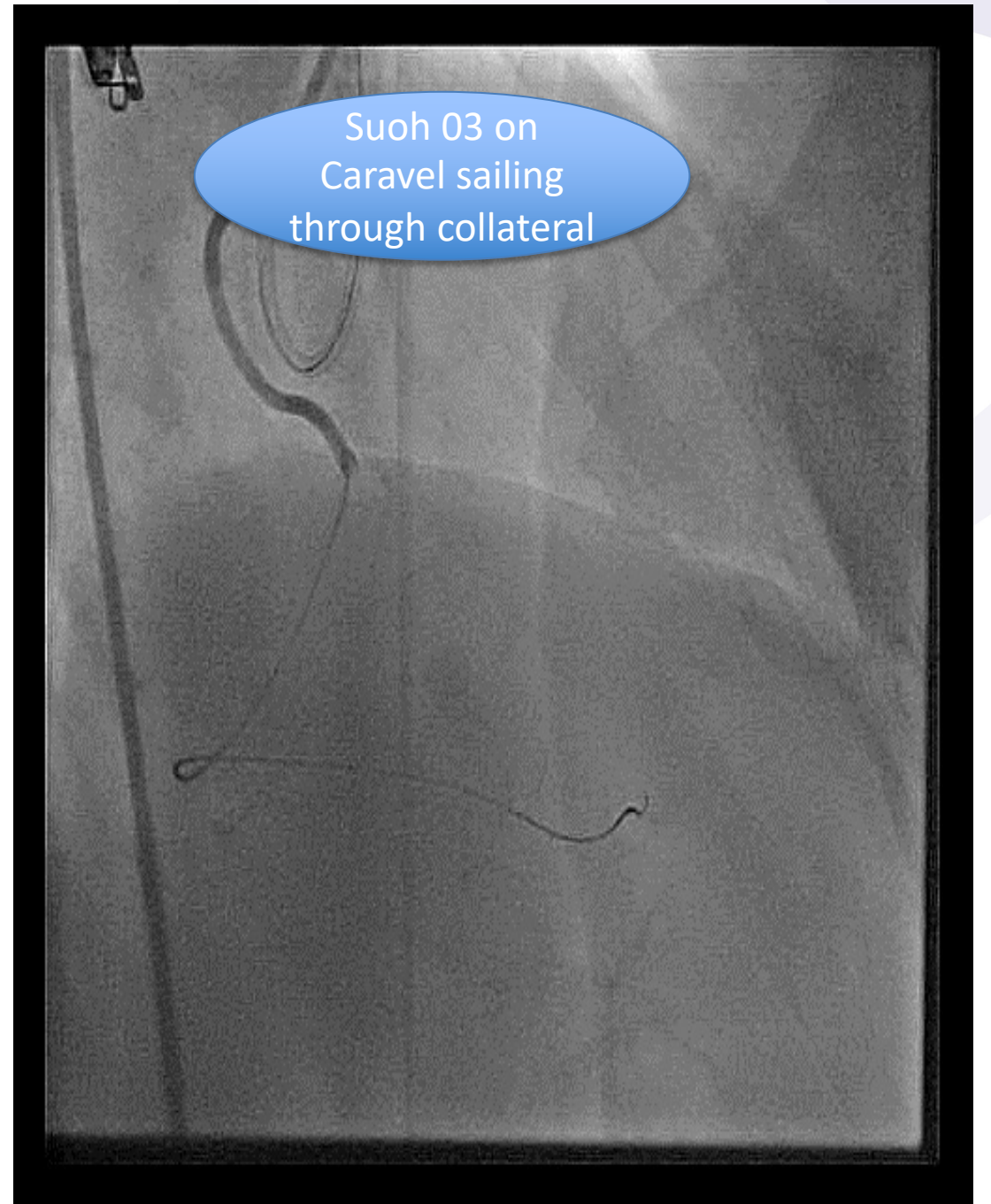
- Set up : Right femoral artery 7F long sheath, Left distal radial 6 → 7 slender sheath terumo
- EBU 7F from Radial artery and AL 1 from right femoral artery.
- Sion blue on Coarsair pro → sion → Suoh 03.
- Fielder XT- R, Gaia 2
- IVUS guided checking of true lumen entry keeping IVUS in Diagonal

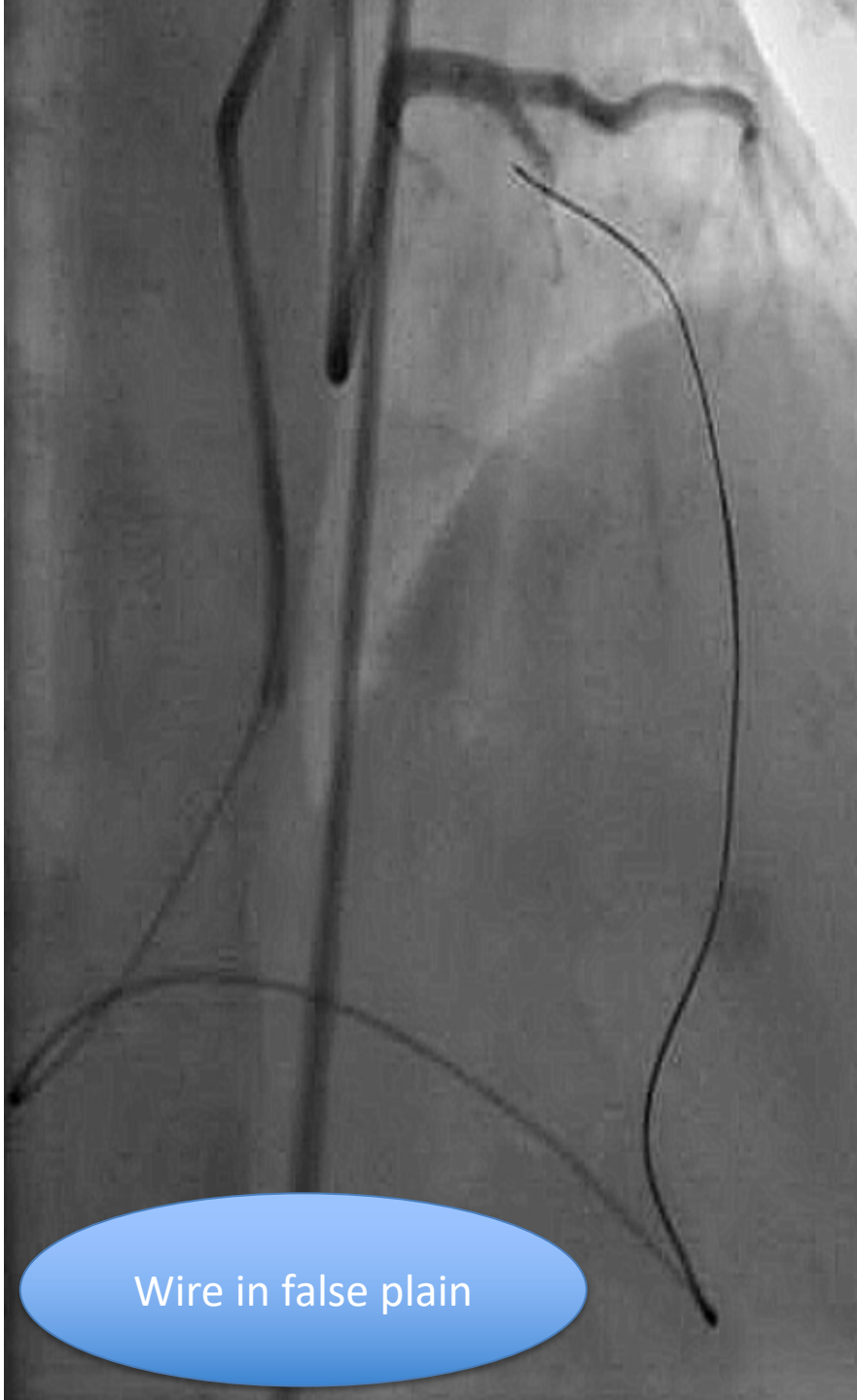


Baseline
angiography

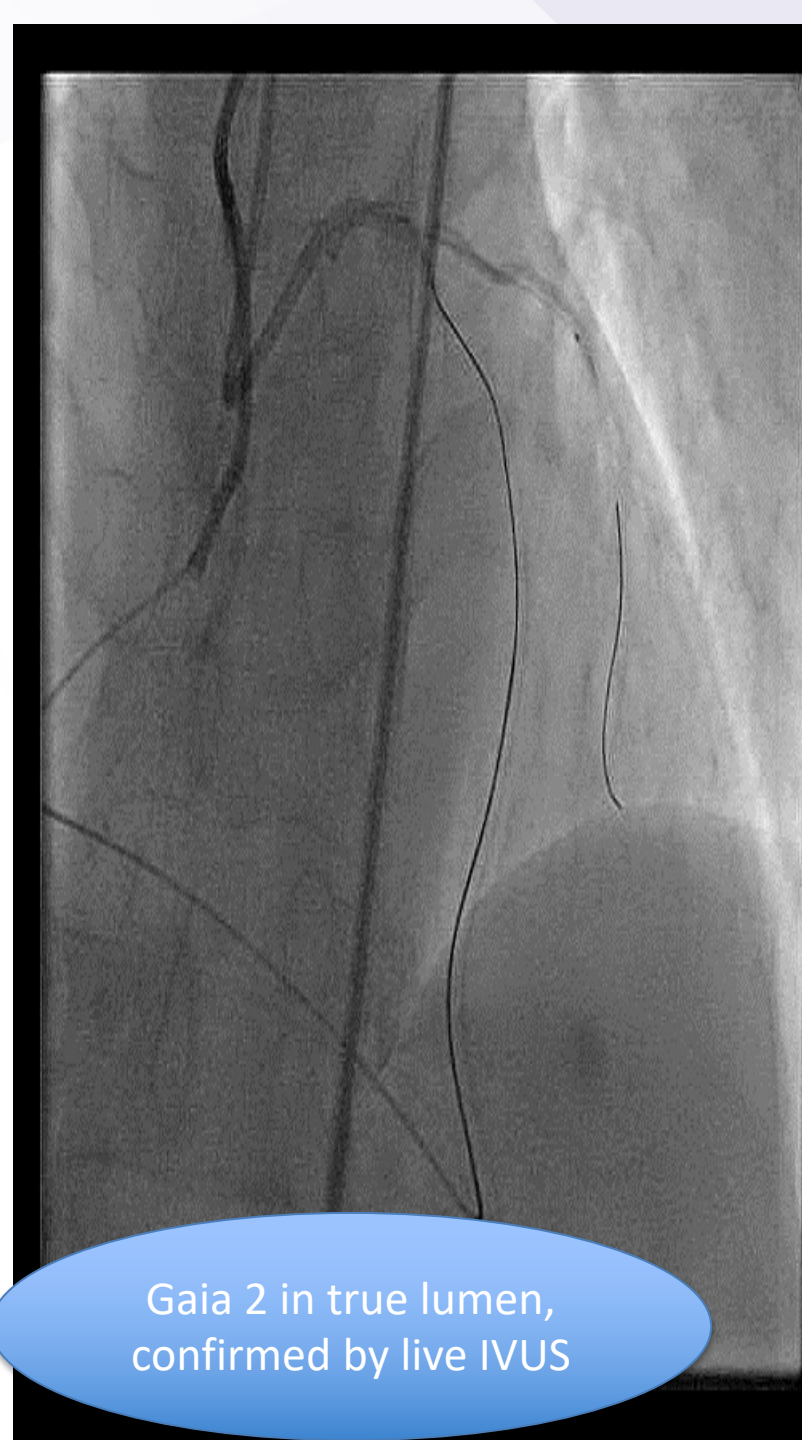


Set up shot

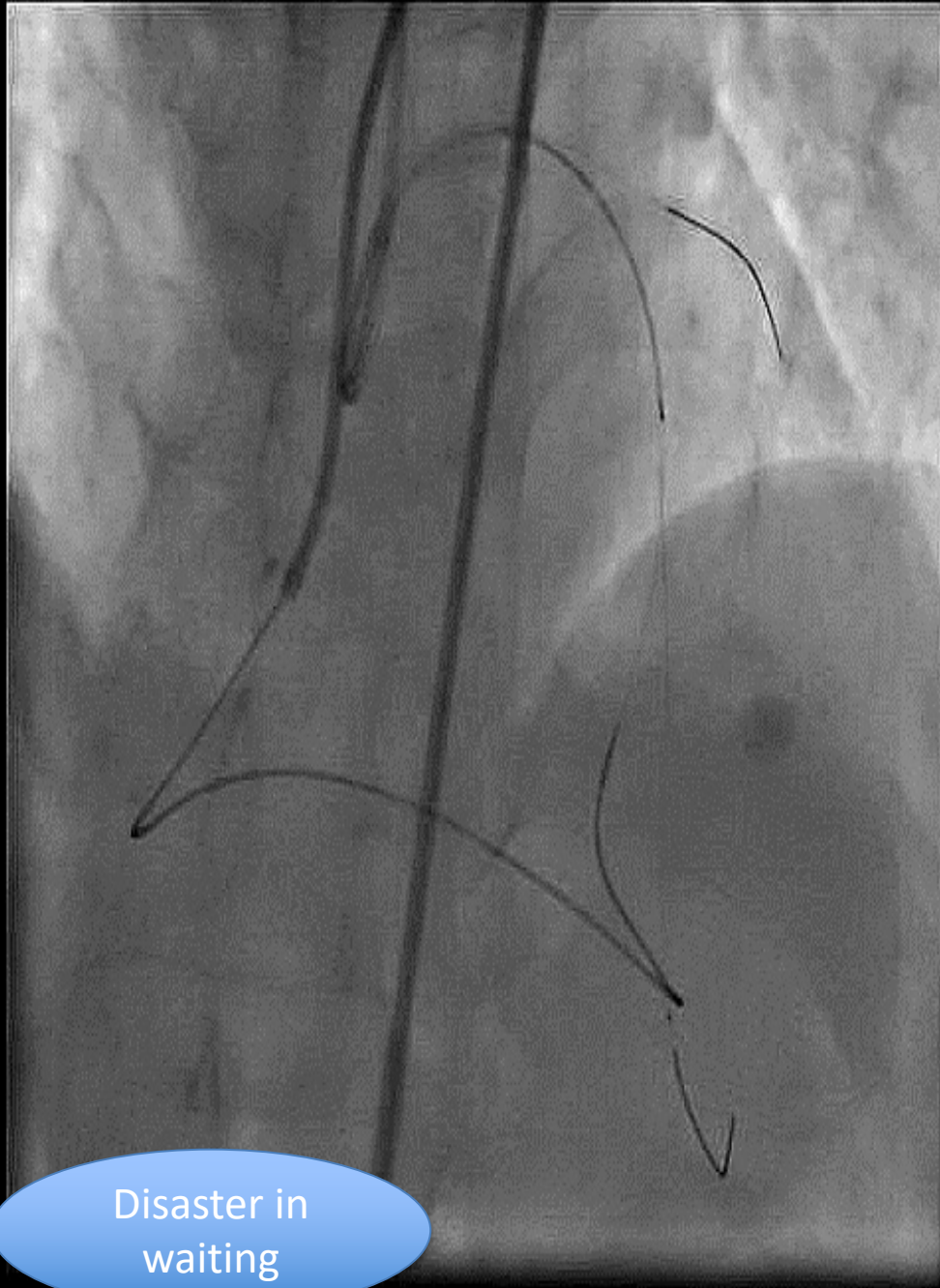




Wire in false plain



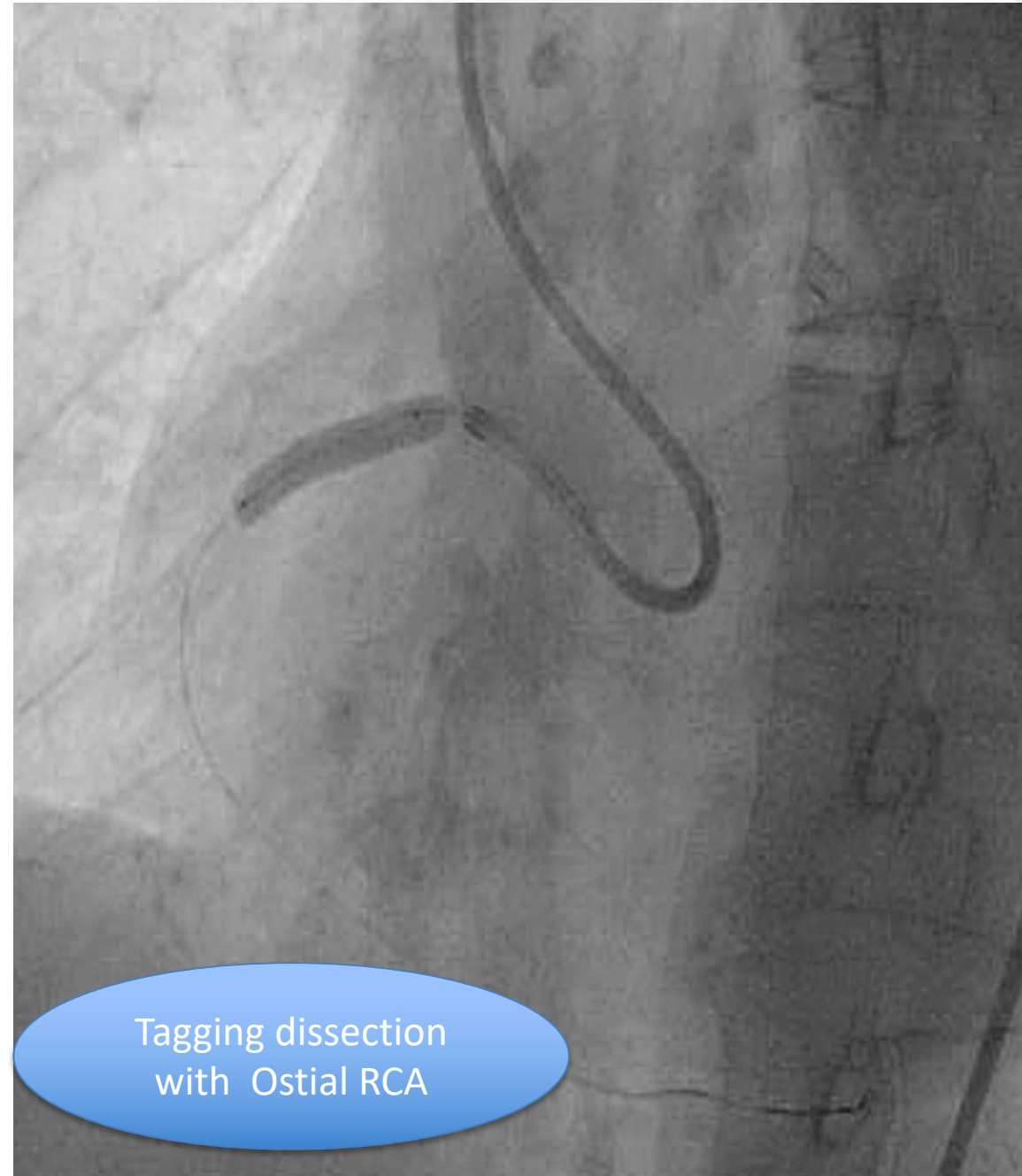
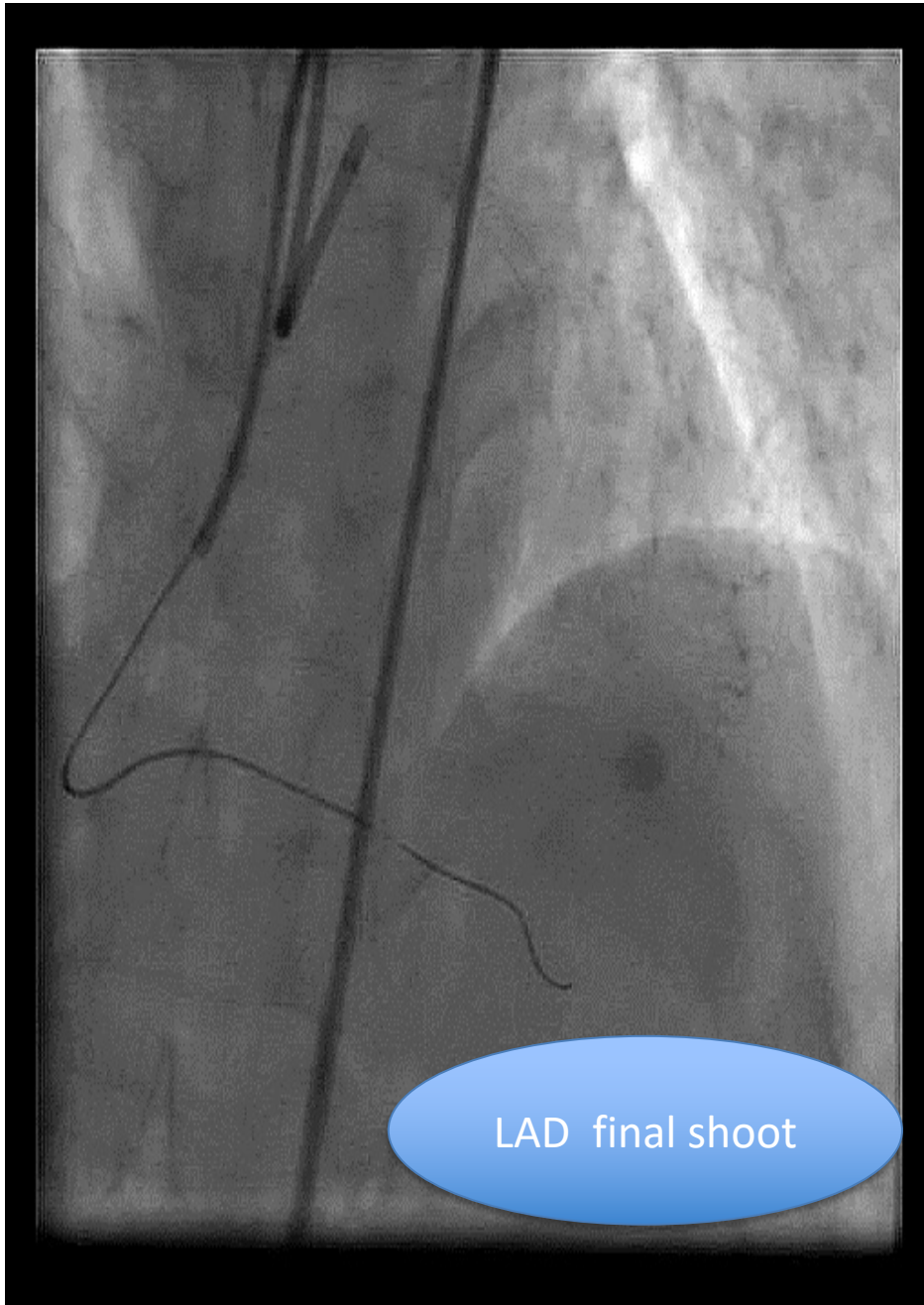
Gaia 2 in true lumen,
confirmed by live IVUS



Disaster in waiting



Ostial LAD stenting





RCA final Shoot

LESSONS LEARNT

- Donor artery dissections can be disastrous complication of retrograde CTO PCI .
- Prevention is better than cure, pull or preferably disengage your guide during manipulations of retrograde gear.
- Quick restoration of dissection is the key to prevent major catastrophe.